BAO Plate Archive digitization, creation of electronic database and its scientific usage

Gurgrn Paronyan and BAO Plate Archive project team V. Ambartsumian Byurakan Astrophysical Observatory, Armenia

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BYURAKAN ASTROPHYSICAL OBSERVATORY PLATE ARCHIVE PROJECT

HOME	BAO OBSERVATIONS	DIGITIZATION PROJECTS	PROJECT DESCRIPTION	PROJECT TEAMS	DATA ACCESS	INTERACTIVE SKY MAP	FOLLOW-UP PROJECTS	DELIVERABLES	RELATED LINKS
	Telescopes		1						
	Observers)							
(Observing programs	j							
Byura		Observatory (BAO) Pl	ate Archive is one of	the largest astron	nomical archiv	es in the world and is	considered to be BA	O main observa	ational treasure.
Taking	Publications	es hard work of Arm	enian astronomers an	d the work of B.	AO telescope	s and other expensive	e equipment, as well a	as the results of	their activities,
one ca	BAO Plate Archive	ate Archive is one of	f our national scientif	ic values. Due t	to Viktor Am	bartsumian's brillian	t ideas and the menti	oned observatio	onal work, RA

Government has recognized BAO as National value.

Today BAO archive holds 37,500 astronomical plates, films or other carriers of observational data. However, previous observational and informational registration methods currently do not make it available to wide range of scientists, and especially its usage for solution of new research problems.

The digitization of astronomical plates and films pursues not only the maintenance task, but also it will serve as a source for new scientific research and discoveries, if only the digitized material runs according to modern standards and, due to its accessibility, it will become an active archive.

The project is aimed at compilation, accounting, digitization of BAO observational archive photographic plates and films, as well as their incorporation in databases with modern standards and methods, providing access for all observational material and development of new scientific programs based on this material.



BAO telescopes & observational material

Telescope name	Size (cm)	Years	Observ.methods	Plates
5" double-astrograph 6" 8" Schmidt 20" Cassegrain 10" telspectrograph nebular spectrograph 16" Cassegrain 21" Schmidt 40" Schmidt (AZT-10) ZTA-2.6m	13 15 20/20/31 51/800 25 41/400 53/53/183 102/132/213 264/1016	1947-1950 1947-1950 1949-1968 1952-1991 1953- 1954- 1955-1991 1955-1991 1960-1991 1975-1991	photometry photometry photometry electrophotometry spectra electropolarimetry photometry photom., spectra photom., spectra	3000 3000 4500 12000 7500 7000
All telescopes		1947-1991		37000

Main observational projects

21" (0.5m) Schmidt telescope:

Polarization of cometary nebula NGC 2261 Nuclei of nearby Sa and Sb galaxies Nuclei of nearby Sc galaxies Search for flare stars in Pleiades Search for flare stars in Orion Search for flare stars in NGC 7000 (Cycinus) Search for flare stars in Praesepe Search for flare stars in Taurus Dark Clouds Variability of Markarian galaxies Monitoring of extragalactic supernovae in certain areas

Main observational projects

40" (1m) Schmidt telescope:

Detailed colorimetry of bright galaxies **First Byurakan Survey** (FBS, Markarian survey) Search for flare stars in Pleiades Search for flare stars in Orion Search for flare stars in NGC 7000 (Cygnus) Search for flare stars in Praesepe Search for flare stars in Taurus Dark Clouds **Second Byurakan Survey** (SBS) Extension of the FBS in the Galactic Plane

Main observational projects

ZTA-2.6m telescope:

Morphological study of Markarian galaxies Investigation of star clusters Investigation of groups and clusters of galaxies Spectroscopy FBS blue stellar objects Spectroscopy FBS late-type stars Spectroscopy SBS galaxies and stellar objects (BAO/SAO) Direct images of the central regions of Markarian galaxies Spectroscopy of T Tauri and flare stars Spectroscopy of Byurakan-IRAS Galaxies (BIG objects) Spectroscopy of ROSAT AGN candidates (BAO/HS/OHP/INAOE)



Collaboration between Byurakan Astrophys. Observ. (BAO, Armenia), La Sapienza Univ. di Roma (Italy), and Cornell Univ. (Ithaca, NY, USA)

Main features:

Pixel size 15.875μ or 1.542''9601×9601 pixels each plate 180 MB file for each plate $107 pix \times 5 pix$ spectra (1700μ length) Astrometric solution $\sim 1''$ rms Dispersion: 33A/pix (22-60 from B to R) Photometric accuracy ~0.3m 1874 plates, ~400GB 40,000,000 spectra for 20,000,000 objects

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Other digitization projects: Second Byurakan Survey (SBS)

Authors: B.E.Markarian, J.A.Stepanian, L.K.Erastova, V.H.Chavushyan Years: 1978-1991 **Instruments:** 102/132/213 cm Byurakan Schmidt, 1.5°, 3° & 4° prisms (1800 Å/mm, 900 Å/mm & 280 Å/mm at H_{γ}) **Emulsions:** Baked Kodak IIIa-J, IIIa-J+GG495, IIIa-F+RG2, IV-N Spectral range: 3400-5300 Å, 4950-5400 Å, 6300-6950 Å Field: 4.1°× 4.1° (plates: 16×16 cm) Scale: 96.8 "/mm **Region of sky:** $49^{\circ} \le \delta \le 61^{\circ}$, $|b| > 30^{\circ} (7^{h} 43^{m} \le \alpha \le 17^{h} 15^{m})$ *965 deq² (65 fields, 550 plates)* Total area: **Limiting magn:** 18^m - 20^m in V (completeness is $\leq 17.5^m$) Main goal: Extension of the FBS to fainter magnitude limits Methods: UVX / emission lines / SED

Digitization: since 2003: 16 bit, 2400 dpi (10 μ pixel size); 180 SBS plates

Other digitization projects: Photographic spectra of the FBS BSOs





Other digitization projects: Study of long-term variability of ON 231

Photographic chains for discovery of flare stars in stellar clusters

Coma: 189 plates with a total number of more than 1200 exposures in 1965-1976 with the Byurakan 21" and 40" Schmidt telescopes

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Two other AGN in the field (will be studied later for possible variability):

FBQS J122424.3+243623 (z=0.218, a 87GB and ROSAT source) FBQS J123014.1+251804 (z=0.135, a ROSAT source)





EPSON Perfection V750 Pro

Scanner Type: Flatbed color image scanner Optical Sensor: Color Epson MatrixCCD[™] line sensor **Optical Resolution:** Epson Dual Lens System 4800 dpi and 6400 dpi Hardware Resolution: 4800 x 9600 dpi, 6400 x 9600 dpi with Micro Step Drive[™] technology Maximum Resolution: 12,800 x 12,800 dpi **Effective Pixels:** 40,800 x 56,160 (4800 dpi) 37,760 x 62,336 (6400dpi) Color Bit Depth: 48-bits per pixel internal / external1 Grayscale Bit Depth: 16-bits per pixel internal / external1 **Optical Density:** 4 Dmax (3) Maximum Scan Area: 8.5" x 11.7" **Light Source:** White cold cathode flourescent lamp Scanning Speed: High-speed mode: 4800 dpi, Color 10.8 msec / line, Monochrome 10.8 msec / line **Transparency Adapter** Back to top Transparency Size: 8" x 10" Supported Film Size: 35 mm mounted slides (12 frames), 35 mm film strips (24 frames) Medium format strips 2 1/4", 120 / 220, 6 x 20 cm (2-6 frames), 4" x 5" film (2 frames), 8" x 10" film area guide Dust/Scratch Removal: Fluid mount tray and film guide for wet mount film scanning (Mounting fluid and supplies not included)

Follow-up projects

Correction of ephemerides of known asteroids and search for new asteroids

- Discovery and study of variable stars
- Revealing high proper motion stars
- Study of variability of known blazars and discovery of new blazars
- Revealing Novae and Supernovae progenitors
- Discovery of new QSOs
- Discovery of optical sources of gamma-bursts
 Optical identifications of X-ray, IR and radio sources

THE END

Armenian Plate Archive and Digitization Projects